

SECOND DAY'S FIGHT AT LIAO YANG

Russians Succeeded in Effecting
An Advance Along the Rail-
way to the South.

FIGHTING WAS MOST DESPERATE

Endurance of the Men Wonderful—
Russian Artillery Fire as Effec-
tive as the Japanese.

The Russians yesterday effected an advance along the railway to the southward. The battle near Liao Yang was resumed in the morning earlier than it began Tuesday. With the first gray of dawn the artillery opened and the firing soon extended along the entire line. The rain ceased during the night and day broke bright and clear.

A balloon ascended from one of the Japanese positions southeast of Liao Yang, making a target for the Russian mortar batteries, but the shells failed to reach it.

Mukden advices say it is rumored there that Gen. Samsonoff has captured two Japanese battalions.

The Japanese are getting around the Russian left flank. Over 500,000 men and 1,000 guns are engaged on both sides. Practically the whole Russian force is on the firing line.

Dispatches from Liao Yang confirm the report of the capture of 45 Japanese guns, which were brought up to the railroad station where Gen. Kuropatkin's train was standing.

The Russians made repeated bayonet advances on the road directly south of Liao Yang, where the Japanese approached from San Quaship and Tao, shelling the positions in the Russian lines until 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when the engagement, which was general throughout the south and south-east, narrowed to the main line. The Japanese advance on the southeast was by way of the Feng Wang Cheng road.

Immediately in front of Chaoanien the Japanese stubbornly attempted to occupy a round-topped hill, which was literally shelled by the Russian shells, making repeated attempts the entire day where apparently it was impossible for anything to live. The cannonading continued from this point to the vicinity of Wanggaotai until this evening without apparent advantage to either side.

The Japanese dropped shells within two or three miles of the railroad station and in the plain of Wenteu mountain, which is the most important eminence around Liao Yang, but the Japanese abandoned aggression there on account of the resistance they met. There was cannon fire last night, and this is expected tonight.

The day's developments show that the Russians are prepared for all emergencies. Slow rain began to fall at noon, gradually transforming the plain into a wilderness through which the wounded, in carts and walking, are tonight making their way to the hospitals.

Considering the scale of the day's operations, the Russian wounded were wounded is apparently small, while the Japanese losses are believed to be great, especially where they were engaged on the southward. Chinese graves with trees are being leveled about Liao Yang in order not to interfere with the defense.

ARMIES IN A DEATH STRUGGLE.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 1.—With the knowledge that the Russian and Japanese armies about Liao Yang are locked in a death struggle the tension in St. Petersburg tonight is strained to the utmost. It is believed here that the fight cannot stop short of the crushing defeat of one side or the other. All reports so far are favorable to the Russians, though the suspension of all news for many hours has been exceedingly trying and has given rise to several rumors, somewhat tempering the earlier enthusiasm.

It is stated officially, however, that the report that the railway and telegraph have been cut north of Liao Yang is untrue. A member of the general staff said to the Associated Press at midnight: "I can assure you that up to this hour communication with Liao Yang has not been interrupted. Gen. Kuropatkin has taken particular precautions against any attempt to cut the railway. While it is always possible that a small raiding party might slip through the Russian patrols or that hired Chinese bandits might cut the telegraph, it is a far supposition. In view of all the facts, that this has not been done."

The highest military authorities here consider that the most critical stage of the battle has not yet been reached.

Drudgery

And Worry Sap Women's Nervous Vitality.

There is nothing more nerve wrecking than household duties and the care of children. The drudgery, worry and petty annoyances of the day, and broken rest at night soon exhausts her vitality and she becomes nervous, irritable and restless. If allowed to continue, it ends in Sick, Nervous Headaches, Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles, and those terrible Periodical Bearing-down pains, which come from nervous exhaustion.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is a never-failing remedy for such cases. It builds up and soothes the nerves, and brings the sweet, restful sleep, so much so.

No other medicine is so pleasant or so curative in every case of female weakness, nervousness or general worst condition.

Try it at our risk.

Cost refunded if first bottle fails to benefit you.

"I had been sick several years with indigestion and nervous prostration, which kept me almost constantly under a physician's care and while I had been treated by four doctors, I received only temporary relief. I was very weak and nervous, and unable to attend to my household duties. After reading about Dr. Miles' Nervine, I concluded to give it a trial. The first few doses brought restful sleep at night, and an appetite for food. Continuing the treatment, I rapidly improved, and now I am well and able to do all my work."

MRS. M. J. OLDS, Clarkston, Mich.

FREE Write us and we will mail you a Free Trial Package of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, the New, Scientific Remedy for Female Weakness, Nervousness, Headaches, Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles, and those terrible Periodical Bearing-down pains, which come from nervous exhaustion. Address: DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., LABORATORIES, ELKHART, IND.

BOILS AND ERUPTIONS

Have been suffering from Impure Blood for many years, having Boils and Eruptions. Having heard of S. S. S. I decided to try it, and am glad to say that it has done me a great deal of good. I intend to continue to use it, as I believe it to be the best Blood Medicine on the market.

Cleveland, Tenn. W. K. DETERS.

For over fifteen years I have suffered more or less from Impure Blood. About a year ago I had a boil appear on my leg below the knee, which was followed by three more on my neck. I saw S. S. S. advertised and decided to try it. After taking three bottles all Boils disappeared and I have not been troubled any since.

GEO. G. FERTIG.

114 W. Jefferson St., Louisville, Ky.

Newark, Ohio, May 23, 1903.

From childhood I had been bothered with bad blood, skin eruptions and boils. I had boils ranging from five to twenty in number each season. The burning accompanying the eruption was terrible. S. S. S. seemed to be just the medicine needed in my case. It drove out all impurities and bad blood, giving me permanent relief from the skin eruption and boils. This has been ten years ago, and I have never had a return of the disease.

Mrs. J. D. ARTHUR.

Write for our book on blood and skin diseases. Medical advice or any special information about your case will cost you nothing.

The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

and they believe that the fight may continue for some time before either side acknowledges defeat. This is an important consideration by the light of which to interpret any immediate news. It is thought here that in view of the numbers engaged, the desperate nature of the assaults and the length of the line (about seven miles), the losses in the two days' fighting cannot fall short of 10,000 on each side. Both sides are straining every nerve, realizing that the fortunes of the war for a whole year are in the scale, and neither side is in the mood of the position to spare men in the effort to achieve a final victory.

The battle of Liao Yang will probably rank as one of the great sanguinary battles of history. It is estimated by the general staff that the Japanese armies engaged number 17 divisions, of 15,000 men each, or allowing for inefficiency, about 240,000 men. Each division is equipped with 20 guns, and there are two independent artillery brigades of 100 guns each, making a total of about 800 guns. The estimates of Russian correspondents range from 600 to 1,000 guns per side.

In the preliminary fighting on Monday the Russians captured 200 prisoners, who have already arrived at Harbin, and report persists that they captured over 40 Japanese guns yesterday. Gen. Kuropatkin's effective forces are variously estimated at from 170,000 to 200,000 men.

The Japanese on Wednesday morning attacked three sides of the Russian position. One of the Associated Press correspondents also mentions a Japanese movement to the northeast of Liao Yang, showing that the Japanese were undoubtedly trying to work around Kuropatkin's rear. One of the surprising phases of the situation is the endurance of the men. They have been engaged desperately for two days, after more or less severe fighting under unfavorable conditions every day since August 24. It would seem that human endurance could not persist much longer without rest.

The Japanese are using balloons to locate the Russian guns and trenches. One of the Russian correspondents of the Associated Press notes that the Japanese sent up a balloon shortly after daylight to the southeast of Liao Yang. The Japanese are reported to be using mortars to drop shells in the Russian positions. These, probably, are the high angle howitzers which were reported in an earlier issue of the week.

It is plain, however, that the Japanese are no longer enjoying the superiority in artillery which stood them in such good stead in the earlier months of the war. It was then that the Russian position. One of the Associated Press correspondents also mentions a Japanese movement to the northeast of Liao Yang, showing that the Japanese were undoubtedly trying to work around Kuropatkin's rear. One of the surprising phases of the situation is the endurance of the men. They have been engaged desperately for two days, after more or less severe fighting under unfavorable conditions every day since August 24. It would seem that human endurance could not persist much longer without rest.

FROM SOUTHEAST FRONT.

Liao Yang, Aug. 31 (delayed in transmission).—A Russian correspondent of the Associated Press sends the following description of the fighting on the southeast front. After midday the Japanese concentrated the strength of all their artillery fire against Hill No. 95 and the village of Maetum, endeavoring to break into our line. In the afternoon the Japanese attacked our west line to the right of the hill.

Attack followed attack for three hours. Between two and five o'clock in the afternoon we repulsed three head-on charges against our line. After this the Japanese, with the strength of all their batteries opened fire along the whole southern front, but this attack, too, was driven back with what seemed tremendous loss, although it was impossible to tell clearly what happened amid the shell fire and fighting. The roar of siege guns, mortar batteries and mixed volley firing went on until darkness set in.

To the north a heavy company accompanied by thunder and lightning broke, while along the front thousands of shells were bursting constantly. It seemed like a magnificent display of fireworks, beginning descriptions of the fighting.

As a result of the exhausting efforts on the part of the Japanese, our position on the eastern front is becoming stronger.

SEVERE FIGHTING AT PORT ARTHUR.

Chefoo, Aug. 31, 11:30 p. m.—(Delayed in transmission).—Severe fighting occurred at Port Arthur Aug. 27, when the Japanese, moving from Shushiyung, attempted to capture Pungungshan, which is south of Shushiyung and west of the railroad. The Japanese made two assaults between 4 and 5 o'clock in the morning. They were repulsed both times. A prisoner, subsequently taken, placed the loss at 1,045 killed and wounded. For one hour after shells were thrown from Shushiyung into Port Arthur.

The above information was brought here tonight by a Chinese who speaks excellent Russian and who was employed at the police station in Port Arthur, which place he left in the evening of Aug. 29. He adds that up to his departure no further attack had been made by the Japanese on Pungungshan. He confirms previous reports that the Russians had re-occupied Pungungshan where there has been little fighting recently. At 4:30 a. m. Aug. 28, the Japanese attacked Port Arthur from the north and the Japanese flag waved over it several times.

NEWFOUNDLAND FOREST FIRES.

St. John, N. P., Aug. 31.—Forest fires have destroyed the hamlet of Little Bay and 200 families are homeless. Two men have been drowned. The steamer Prospero has embarked the women and children. The men are fighting the flames in an effort to prevent the fire from covering a wider area. The government is providing food, shelter and other assistance to the destitute.

Chicago's Temperature Record.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—According to the local weather bureau, the temperature at Chicago has established a new record for the summer months of 1.4 degrees less than the normal for 33 years preceding.

All records for the month of August also have been broken with a mean temperature of 67.4 degrees. The best previous record was made in 1890, when the average reading was 68 degrees.

There were few hot days in Chicago during either the summer or the summer, the maximum temperature for the month being 90 degrees, while the maximum, noted Aug. 8, was 14 degrees below the normal. Other points along Lake Michigan also enjoyed cool weather, although not so uniformly.

BELEGIANS FEAR GERMAN AGGRESSION IN AFRICA.

Capetown, Aug. 31.—Official information from British Central Africa says that the Congo Free State is constructing a canal of considerable magnitude on the western shore of Lake Tanganyika and that one of these forts, which is equipped with 20 guns, is within two hours of the German frontier. It is believed that the Belgians apprehend a German invasion.

A number of natives who are German subjects have been expelled from the Congo Free State. It is understood that negotiations regarding the matters are now proceeding between Berlin and Brussels.

The west shore of Lake Tanganyika belongs to the Congo Free State, the southeast shore to German East Africa. The area of the lake is estimated at 14,000 square miles.

Secy. Wilson in Vermont.

Londonville, Vt., Aug. 31.—In addressing a Republican rally here tonight Secy. Wilson said:

"The Republican party wants honest money and said so in its platform. The Democratic party, by a vote of more than two to one in its committee on resolutions, refused to say a word in favor of sound money. The American people are slow to believe that Judge Parker perpetrated a trick upon the St. Louis convention by securing the gold standard, but people will have opinions and Judge Parker is very close to Mr. Hill, who deliberately misrepresented the facts when, in a speech delivered a few days ago, called President Roosevelt a fraud," saying that Roosevelt had promised, on taking the oath of office at Buffalo, not to be a candidate in 1904. Now Mr. Hill was not present on that occasion, but I was and seven or eight gentlemen who are still living and present and we saw that President Roosevelt made no such promise. Judge Parker's utter immunity from tricks would go down with the people all the better if he were not so intimate with former Senator Hill."

Continental National Party.

Chicago, Aug. 31.—For president of the United States, Charles H. H. Howard of Illinois; for vice president, Geo. S. Shibley, of Washington, D. C.

The above ticket was nominated tonight by the convention of the Continental National party, the states of Wisconsin, West Virginia and Illinois being represented.

A long platform touching upon the tariff, money, government ownership of means of transportation and taxes, was adopted, and a committee of nine members was appointed to take charge of the campaign, which it was declared would be of an aggressive character. The candidate for president is a brother of Gen. O. O. Howard.

NORWAY IRON.

It Will Soon Be a Great Competitor in the World's Markets.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—Norway will soon be a strong competitor in the iron markets of the world, according to Jacques Lagercrantz, manager of the recently opened northern division of the Royal Swedish State railroads. Mr. Lagercrantz has arrived at Chicago on his way to Duluth, where he will study the ore trade and the methods employed in producing and marketing.

He has been sent here by the Swedish government with a view to recommending the use of modern machinery in the mines in Norway and modern methods of transporting the ore.

The iron ore deposits are declared to be the richest in the world, and to consist of three mountains, which are 60 per cent pure iron.

The mines are now producing 10,000 tons a day. The company owning the mines has built a line to the Norwegian coast which, on account of the gulf stream, is open the year round.

Dead in Plunge Bath.

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 31.—The body of a young man about 25 years old, who from letters found in his clothing, is supposed to be Henry C. May of the state of Washington, was found in the plunge tank at the bathhouse at Santa Monica, when the water in the tank was drained off today. May was seen among the bathers in the plunge yesterday afternoon and again last night, and is supposed to have dived into the tank, and striking his head on the cement floor, was rendered unconscious and drowned. The water in the tank was about 10 feet deep.

If the Light of man is woman, what shall we say of Fels-Naptha which magnifies woman!

Fels-Naptha Philadelphia

TEA

What did they do for tea two-hundred and fifty years ago!

ed their fire on it and the Japanese were compelled to retire. Heavy firing was heard by the Chinese on the night of Aug. 29.

NO MENTION OF CASUALTIES.

Tokio, Sept. 1, 11:30 a. m.—Reports received here from Liao Yang do not mention anything about the casualties which it is presumed are heavy on account of the enormous forces engaged and the nature of the attack the Japanese are making against strongly defended positions, the second Russian line proving stronger than that at An-shan-shan, which they abandoned.

It is estimated that Gen. Kuropatkin has 150,000 fighting men in the field. It is impossible to forecast the duration of the great battle now going on. It may possibly be prolonged for several days.

Newfoundland Forest Fires.

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Fels-Naptha Philadelphia

UNITED IRISH LEAGUE OF AMERICA

Right of Irishmen to Secure Their
Independence by Work or
Sword Asserted.

REDMOND WAS INTERRUPTED.

Some One Shouted, "To H—l With
The Clan-Na-Gael and
Orangeism."

New York, Aug. 31.—At the convention of the United Irish League of America today there was no official program for the proceedings, but most of the morning session was taken up by the reports of the various committees, which were appointed yesterday, and the secretary's report.

Secy. John O'Callaghan read a letter of regret from President Roosevelt. Letters of regret also were read from Judge Parker, the Democratic presidential nominee; Cardinal Gibbons and Archbishop Ryan.

There was a warm debate over the question of increasing the national committee from 50 to 100 members. The proposed amendment was defeated, 134 to 100.

The platform adopted by the convention after reviewing the pledge of the league's allegiance to the cause of Irish national independence, and asserting the right of Ireland to have a parliament of her own, was:

"We assert the right of the Irish people to procure their independence by any honorable method, by work or word or voice or sword, as circumstances may dictate or opportunities may offer, but we fully admit, but we to choose their weapons in the battle for liberty untrammelled by dictation from any outside source, realizing that people on the firing line of the fight for nationhood are the best judges of the means to be adopted in their struggle with the wealth and power of England."

The convention at the afternoon session unanimously elected the following officers for a term of two years:

President, John F. Finerty, Chicago; first vice president, Patrick F. Egan of New York, former minister to Chile; secretary, John O'Callaghan, Boston; treasurer, T. E. Fitzpatrick, New York.

At the evening session John Redmond delivered an address. In part he said: "Laplandism still exists in Ireland, but it exists as the condemned murderer in Sing Sing exists; that is, exists only until the execution of the sentence. Laplandism exists, but we are able to say that 10 or 15 years will see its extinction and it will be extinguished through the votes of the English parties and through English money."

"The prejudice against home rule is largely dying out among thinking Englishmen."

In the course of his address Mr. Redmond referred to those who disagree with his views. He was interrupted by a voice crying out: "To h—l with the Clan-na-Gael and the Orange men!"

There was great confusion at once, but Mr. Redmond retorted:

"To h—l with you, Irishmen. My friend says to h—l with the Clan-na-Gael. Far be it for me to let pass such an expression. The Orangemen are Irishmen, mistaken Irishmen, I think, but still Irishmen. Shall we drive them from Ireland? I say no. Educate them. Farnell said that Ireland could not afford to lose a single son, and that is true today."

Short addresses were made by Mr. M. P. of County Mayo, and Col. John Y. E. Wake of the Irish brigade.

Cleavelands at Gray Gables.

Buxard's Bay, Mass., Aug. 31.—Grover Cleveland, accompanied by Mrs. Cleveland and Dr. Joseph Bryant of New York, arrived at Gray Gables today from the Cleveland summer home at North Sandwich, N. H. Mr. Cleveland and Dr. Bryant will spend a few days in saltwater fishing.

World's Fair Debt Being Paid.

St. Louis, Aug. 31.—The fourth of the stipulated \$500,000 semi-monthly payments to liquidate the government loan of \$4,600,000 was made today by the Louisiana Purchase Exposition company. The full amount refunded to date is \$2,408,149.

Beautiful Women.

Plump cheeks, flushed with the soft glow of health and a pure complexion, make all women beautiful. Take a small dose of Herbine after each meal; it will prevent constipation and help digest what you have eaten. Sec. Mrs. Wm. M. Stroud, Midlothian, Texas, writes, May 21, 1901: "We have used Herbine in our family for eight years, and found it the best medicine we ever used for constipation, bilious fever and malaria."

Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

NEW TYPE OF TIBETAN HOUSE.

The houses of Tibet are for the most part flat roofed, but there is a certain village in the Chumbi valley bearing the euphonious name of Rinchenhong which is an exception to the general rule.

All the buildings in this hamlet have roofs not unlike those of Swiss houses. At first sight a traveler might easily imagine that he had reached one of those picturesque villages which are so abundant in certain Alpine regions. To add still further to the illusion, the scenery in the neighborhood of Rinchenhong is strikingly Alpine in character. Among all the wonders that have been found in this country of surprises this bit of Switzerland set down in far-off Tibet must be accorded a place.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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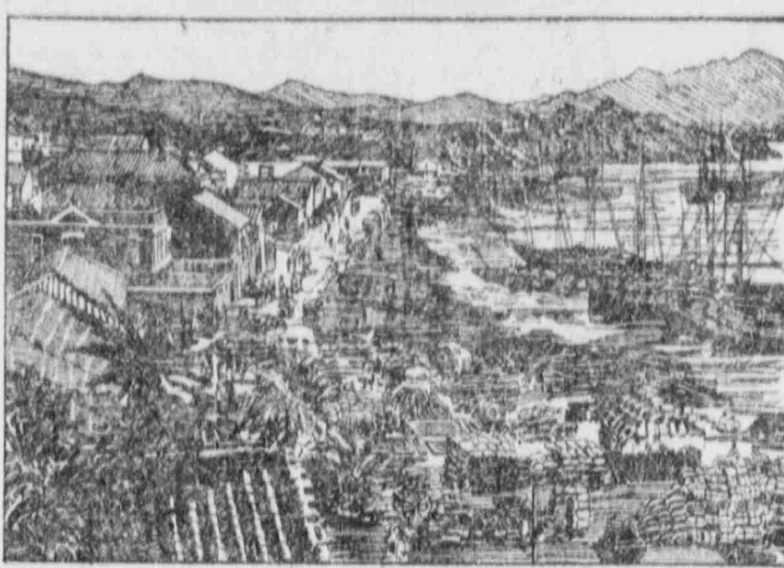
Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 11 BROADWAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

JAPAN'S SUPPLY BASE IN KOREA.



The cut shows the new bund, or embankment, in the inner harbor at Chempulpo, Korea. It was built by the Japanese and is the scene of great activity. The stores of various kinds piled high in the foreground indicate the importance of this construction. When it was decided to make this Korean city Japan's base of supplies in the Hermit Kingdom the building of the embankment was at once begun. Large vessels cannot enter the inner harbor, but must remain at the outer anchorage. Cargoes are transferred into sampans, which are poled laboriously into the estuary and unloaded at the bund. The custom house and many large warehouses were also erected by the Japanese.

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.

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Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

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THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Prevent All Summer Bowel Troubles

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CASTORIA

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